

## *For Janury-March 2019*

## **FIGURES:**

## The comprehensive income of the population - 64.9 trillion sum

## Real growth rate of comprehensive income of the population - 108.6%

**Total per capita income - 1 948.9 thousand soums**

## Real comprehensive income per capita - 1 719.1 thousand soums

An important indicator of the level of well-being of the population is the comprehensive income, which is the gross income before deducting from it the mandatory or other deductions.

Comprehensive income includes both cash income and income in kind, and consists of income, which, as a rule, has the property of repetition and enters the household or its individual members on a regular basis, annually or at shorter intervals.

If you look at the figures, according to preliminary data, in January-March 2019, the total volume of total income of the population was 64.9 trillion soums, which, on a per person basis, is on average equal to 1.9 million soums.



Real incomes characterize nominal incomes taking into account changes in retail prices and tariffs, representing the real purchasing power of people with nominal incomes.

Due to the change in consumer prices, the growth rate of the total income of the population, compared to the same period last year, was 108.6% in real terms, and 106.6% per capita income.

## The volume of comprehensive income per capita in the regions of the Republic of Uzbekistan in January-March 2019, thousand soums



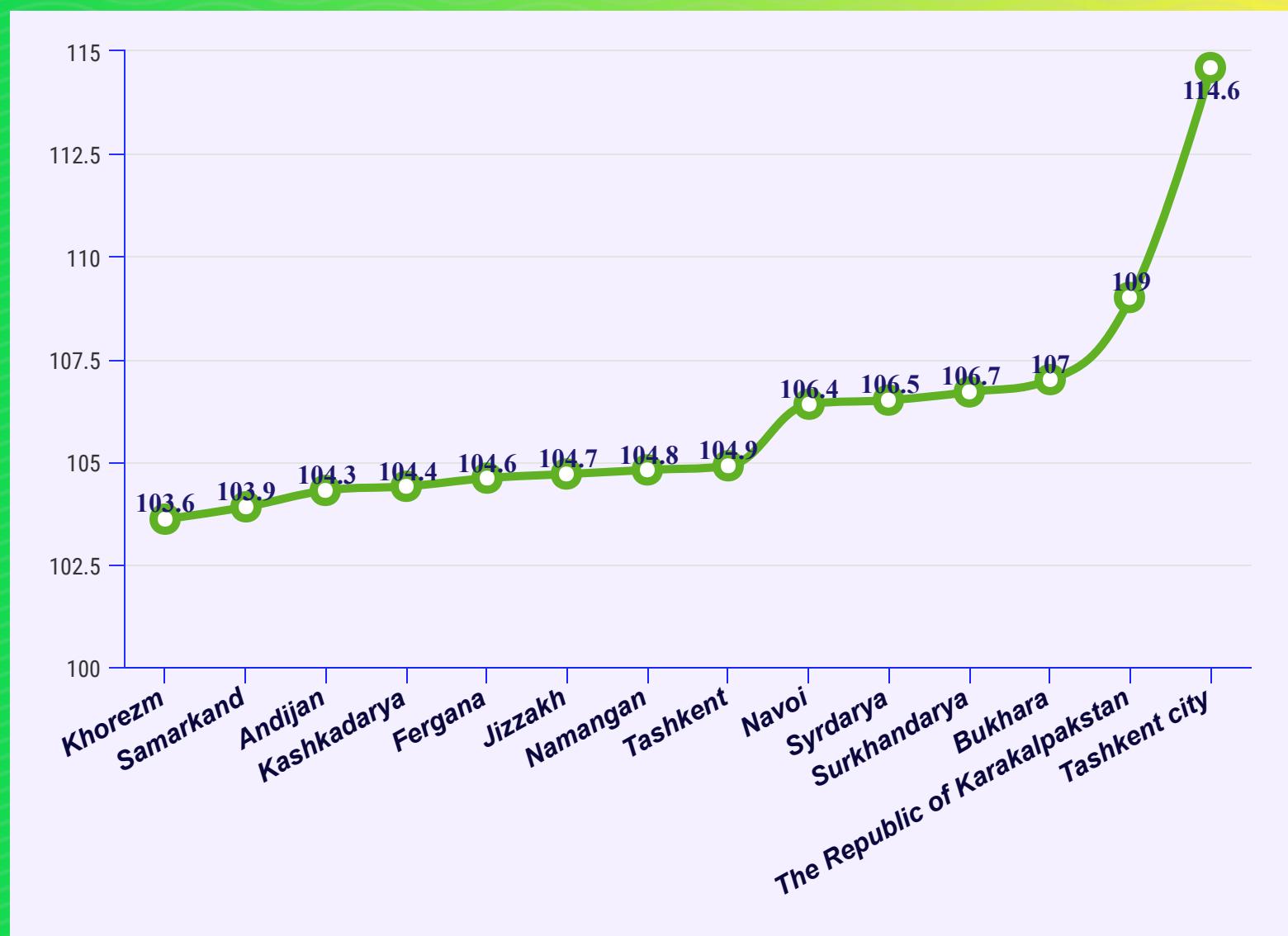
The average per capita nominal comprehensive income of population above the average national level was recorded in Tashkent city - 4687.2 thousand soums, Navoi - 2965.5 thousand soums, Bukhara - 2208.5 thousand soums and Tashkent regions - 2134.1 thousand soums.

The lowest indicator of the average nominal comprehensive income per capita was recorded in Namangan - 1406.8 thousand soums, Fergana - 1468.7 thousand soums and Surkhandarya regions - 1512.2 thousand soums.

A very high level of real growth in comprehensive income per capita was recorded in Tashkent city - 14.6% and in the Republic of Karakalpakstan - 9.0%. Also in Bukhara - 7.0% and Surkhandarya - 6.7% regions, the average per capita income exceeds the national average.



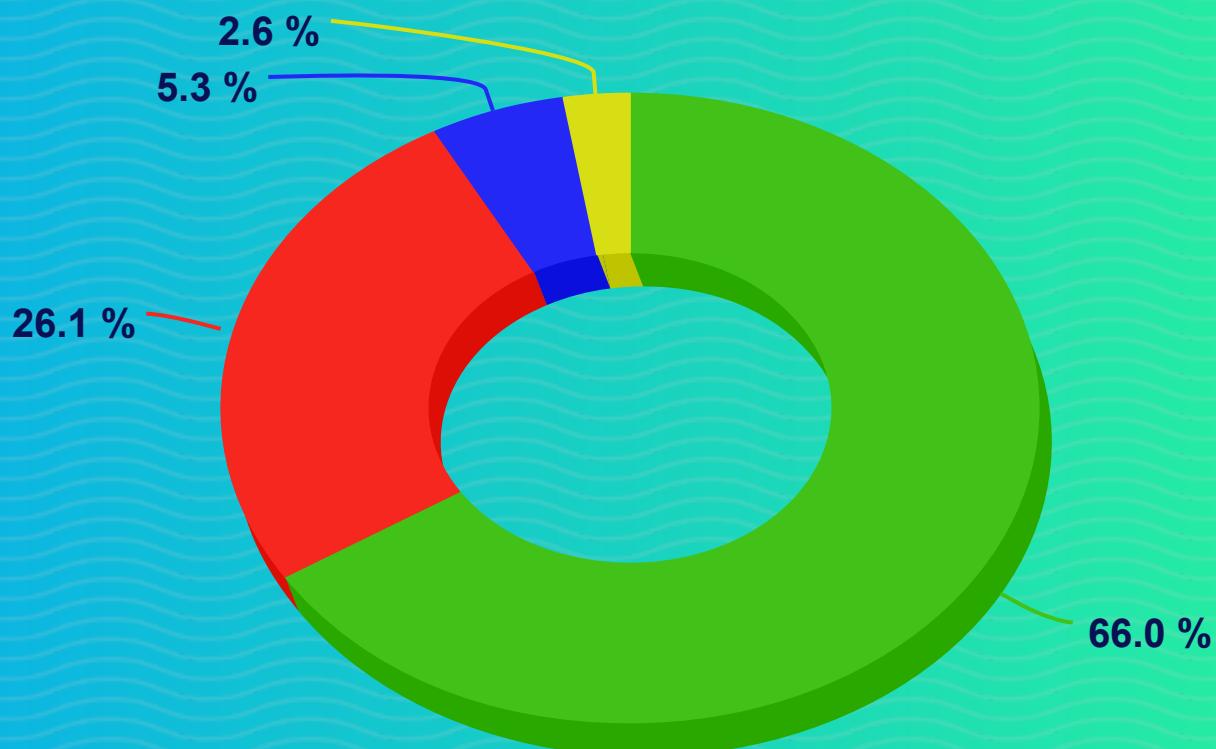
## Real growth rates of average comprehensive income per capita in the regions of the Republic of Uzbekistan in January-March 2019, %





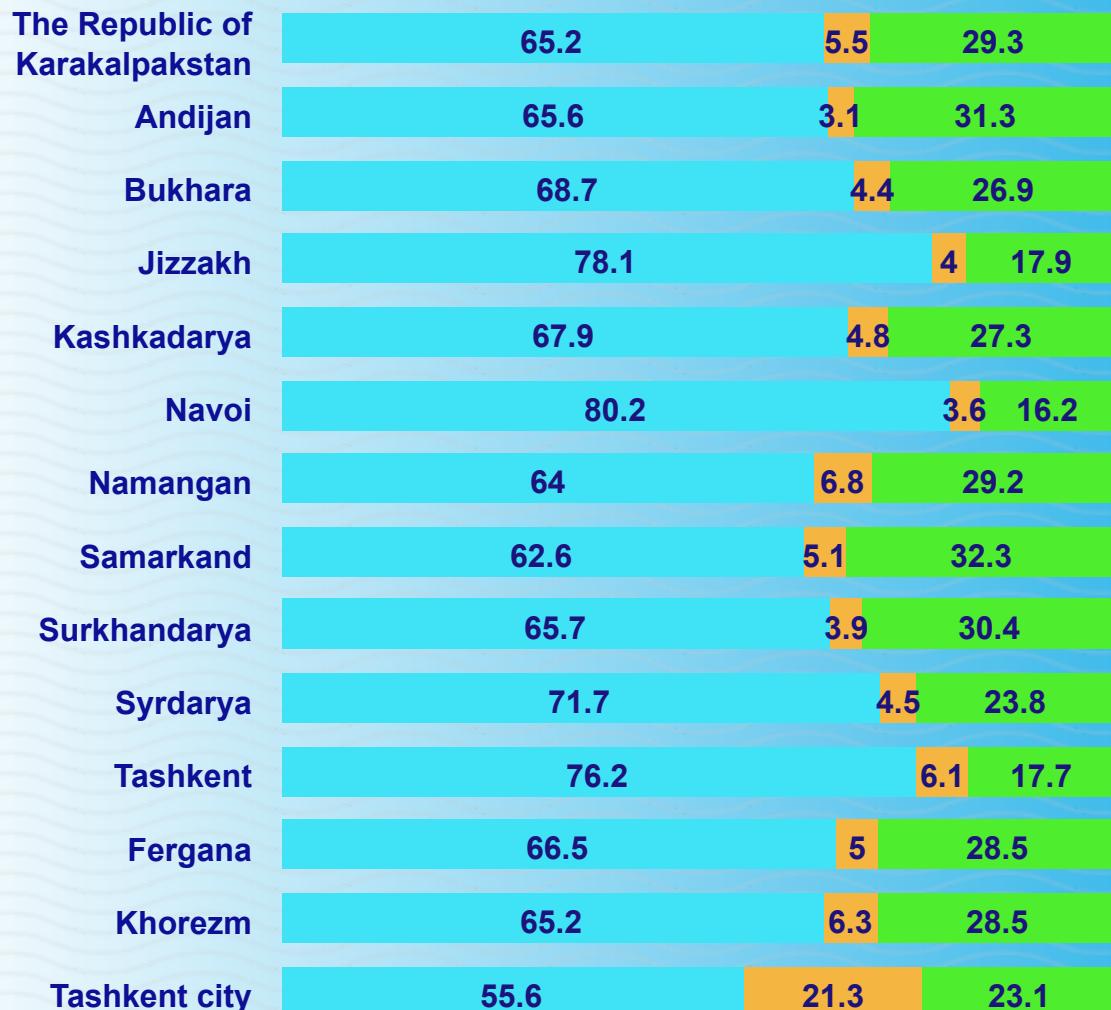
Considerable growth in comprehensive income of population is mainly due to significant changes in income from employment (incomes of employees and from self-employment), which account for 66.0% of total income and 26.1% of income from transfers.

### Comprehensive income structure of population



- Earnings from employment
- Transfer income
- Property income
- Income from production of services for own consumption

**Structure of total income for January-March 2019 by region of the Republic of Uzbekistan (to total volume of population comprehensive income,%)**

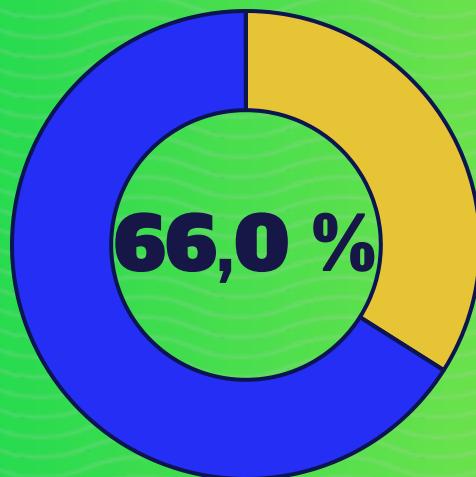


● Income from employment      ● Income from production of services for own consumption and property income  
 ● Transfer income

In the comprehensive income of the regions, the largest share of income earned from labor activity (incomes of employees and income from self-employment) was observed in Navoi region (80.2%). On the contrary, in Tashkent city, Samarkand, Namangan, Khorezm, Andijan, Surkhandarya regions and the Republic of Karakalpakstan was fixed below the national average.

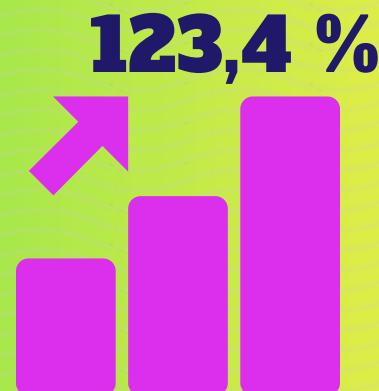
Also in Samarkand, Andijan and Surkhandarya regions, the share of income from transfers amounted to more than 30% of comprehensive income of population.

## Earnings from an employment



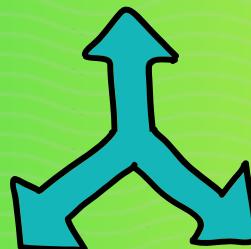
The share of income from labor activity in comprehensive income structure of population

The nominal growth rate of income by January-March 2018



Earnings from an employment have a significant share in comprehensive income structure of population. According to preliminary data for January-March 2019, the share of income from labor activity in comprehensive income structure of population was 66.0%, the nominal growth rate of income by the corresponding period of 2018 reached 123.4% and contributed to the increase of comprehensive income in nominal volume of 15.4%.

### Earnings from an employment



Income from self-employment

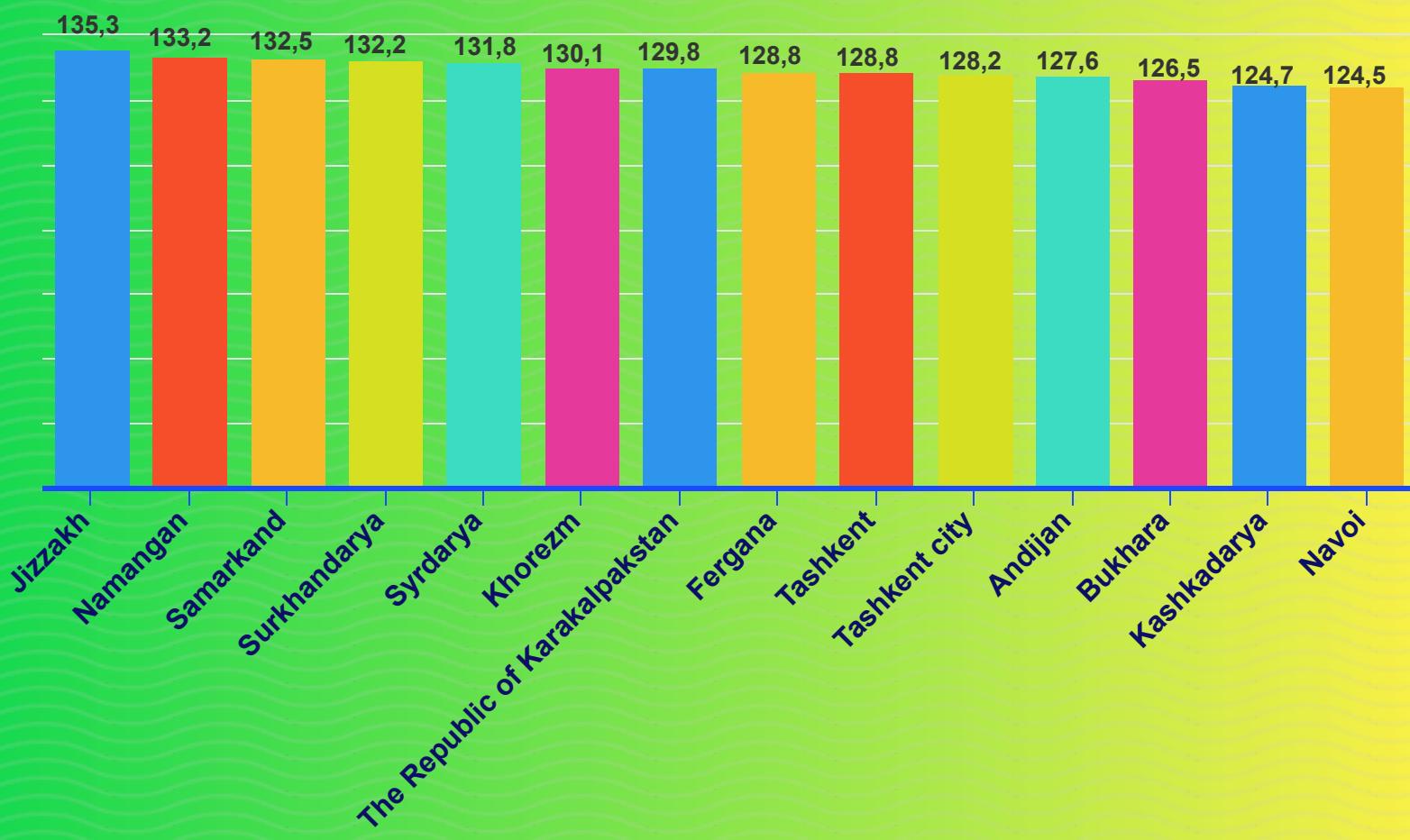
Income of employees

## Employee's Income

In January-March 2019, employees' income increased by 28.9% and amounted to 32.4% of the comprehensive income of population.



### Growth rates of employee's income by regions for January-March 2019 (% to the corresponding period of last year)



The highest nominal growth rates of employees' income were observed in Jizzakh (135.3%), Namangan (133.2%) and Samarkand (132.5%) regions.

## Income from self-employment

33,6 %



A share in structure of comprehensive income of population

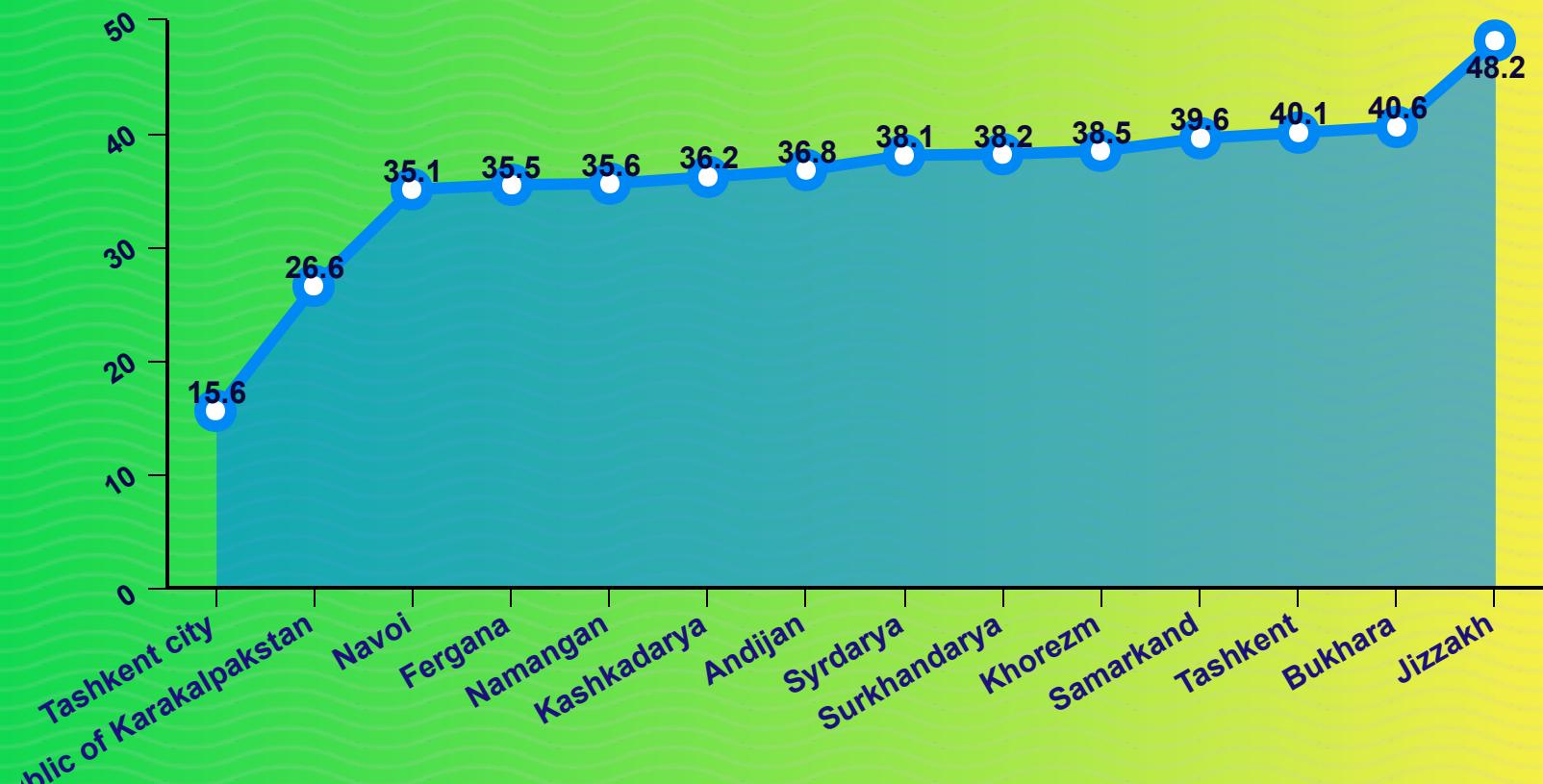


118,6 %



Nominal growth rates by January-March 2018

The share of income from self-employment in total volume of comprehensive income of population by regions, %



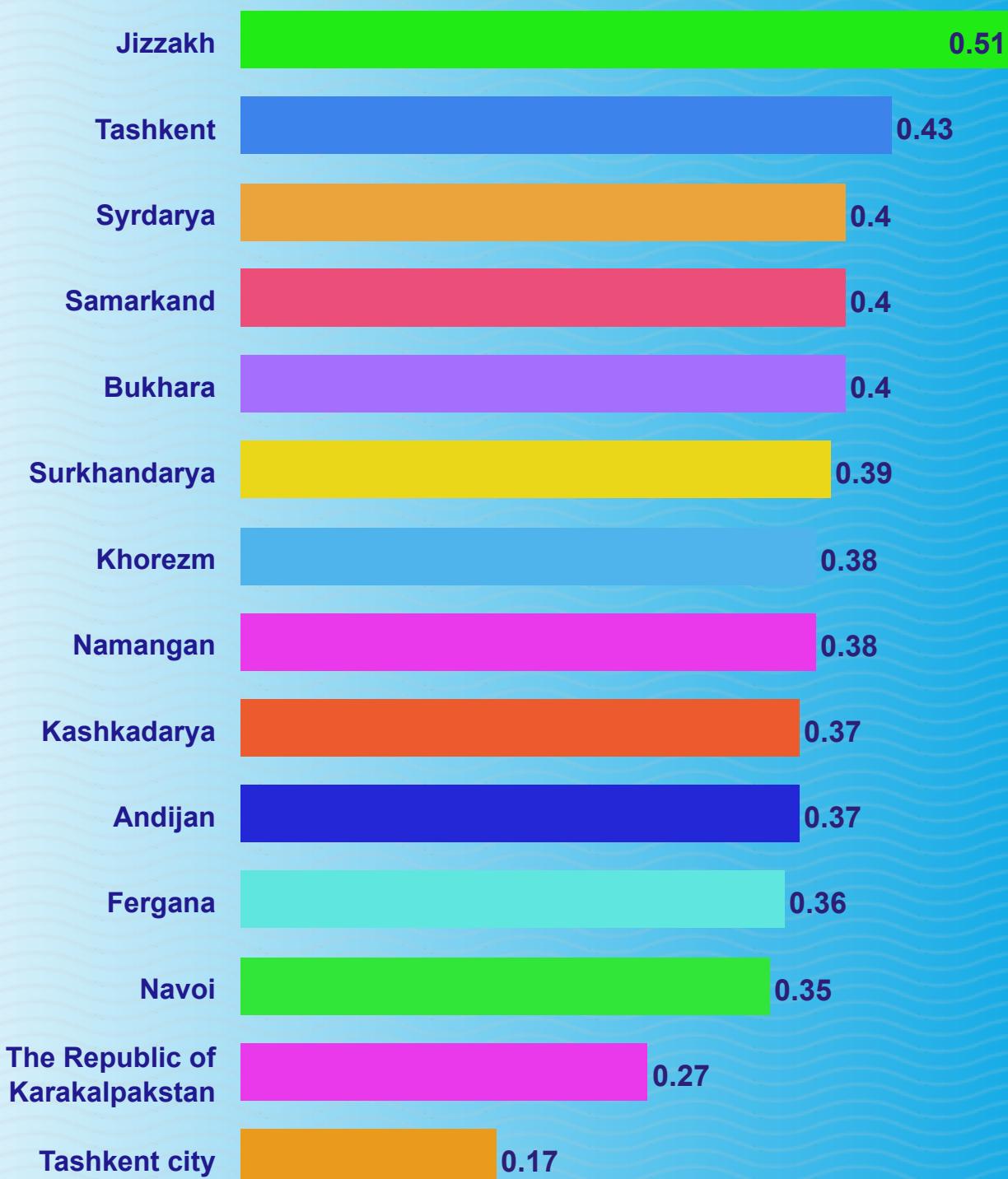
The share of income from self-employment in comprehensive income in the regions varies and ranges from 15.6% (in Tashkent city) to 48.2% (in Jizzakh region).

## Income from self-employment



With an increase in income from self-employment by 1%, total volume of comprehensive income increases by 0.35%.

### The impact of the growth of income from self-employment in the regions by 1% to total volume of comprehensive income of population, %



## Property income

3,4 trillion soums



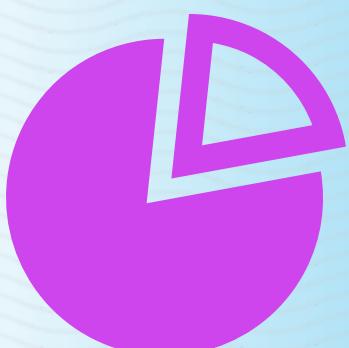
Total property income

124,6 %



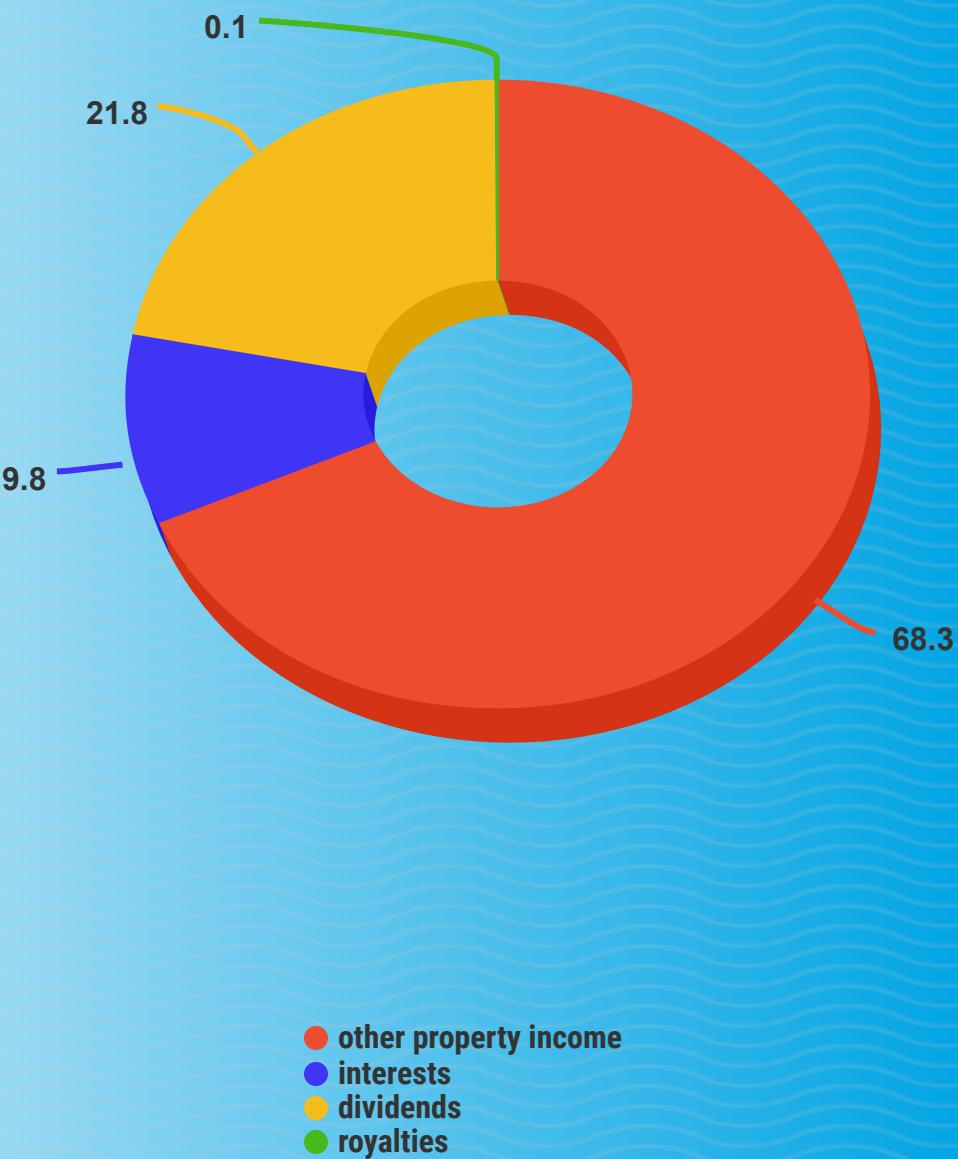
Nominal growth rates  
compared to the  
previous period of 2018

5,3 %



A share in total volume of  
comprehensive income of  
population

### Property income structure, %



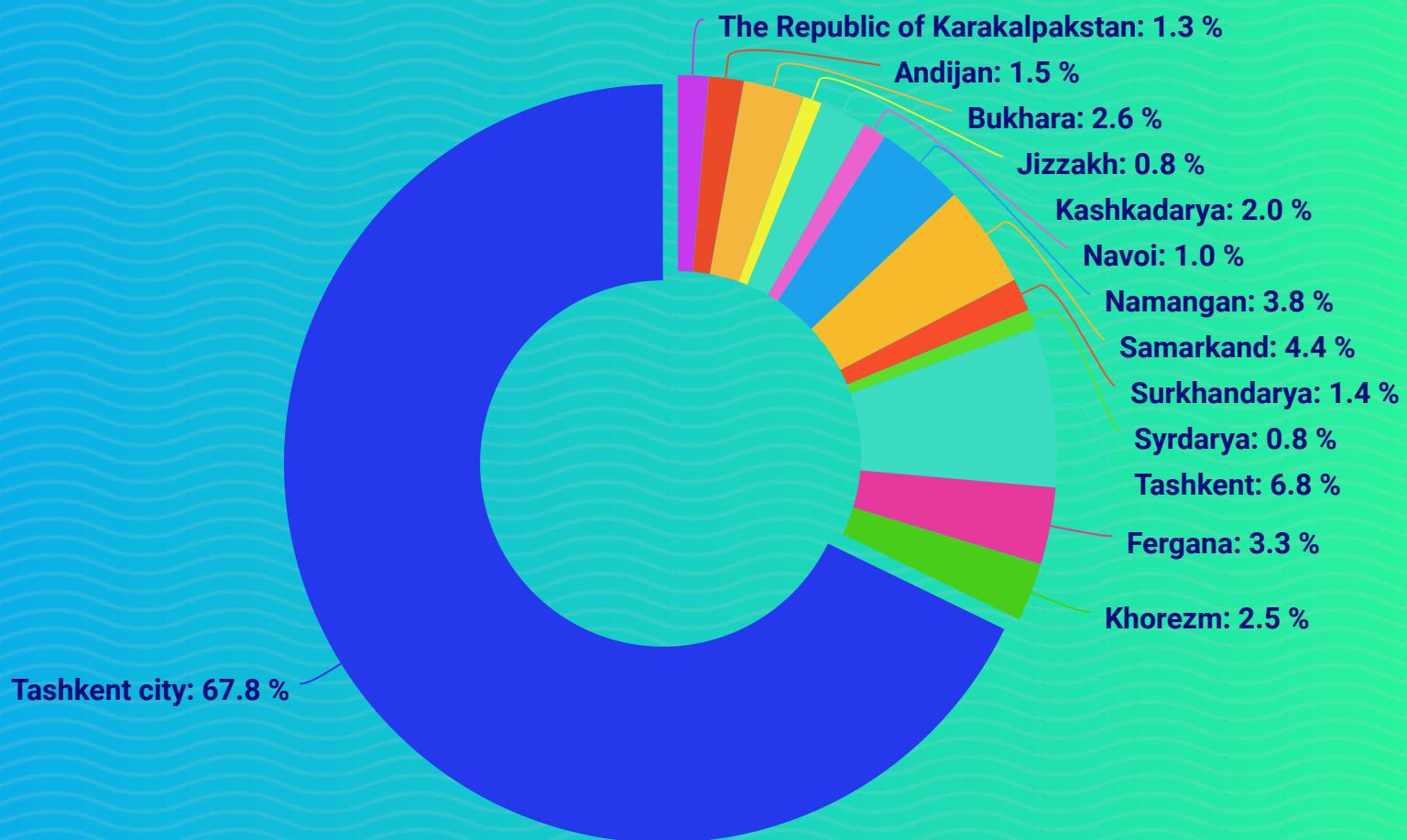
The impact of property income on change in total comprehensive income of population was insignificant. In the past period, these revenues contributed to the growth of total comprehensive income of 1.3%.

## Property income

Two thirds of volume received from property income in January-March 2018, fell on the share of Tashkent city - 67.8%. The following regions of considerable percentage are Tashkent (6.8%), Samarkand (4.4%) and Namangan (3.8%) regions.



## The share of regions in total amount of property income, %



## Transfer income

The nominal growth rate of transfer income, according to preliminary data for January-March 2019, to the corresponding period of the previous year amounted to 121.6%.

Along with this, the share of transfers in total volume of comprehensive income of population over the same period decreased by 0.3 percentage points and amounted to 26.1%.



## Transfer income structure

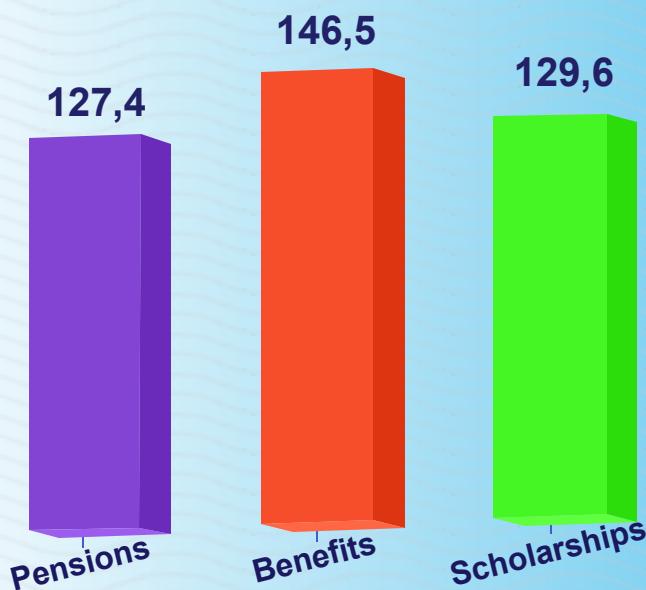
47,3 %

Social transfers

52,7 %

Other current transfers

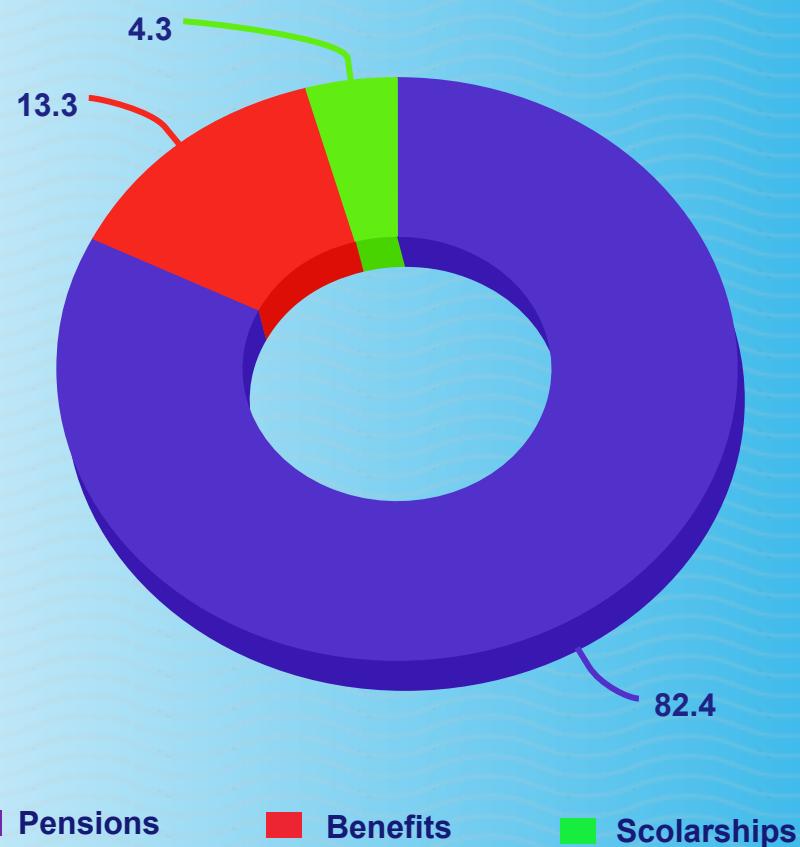
### Growth rates of social transfers by type, %



Social transfers include pensions, benefits and scholarships. The share of social transfers for this period amounted to 12.3%, and the growth rate reached 129.8%.

Compared with the corresponding period of 2018, the growth rate of pensions amounted to 127.4%, the growth rate of benefits - 146.5%, and the growth rate of scholarships - 129.6%.

## The structure of social transfers, %



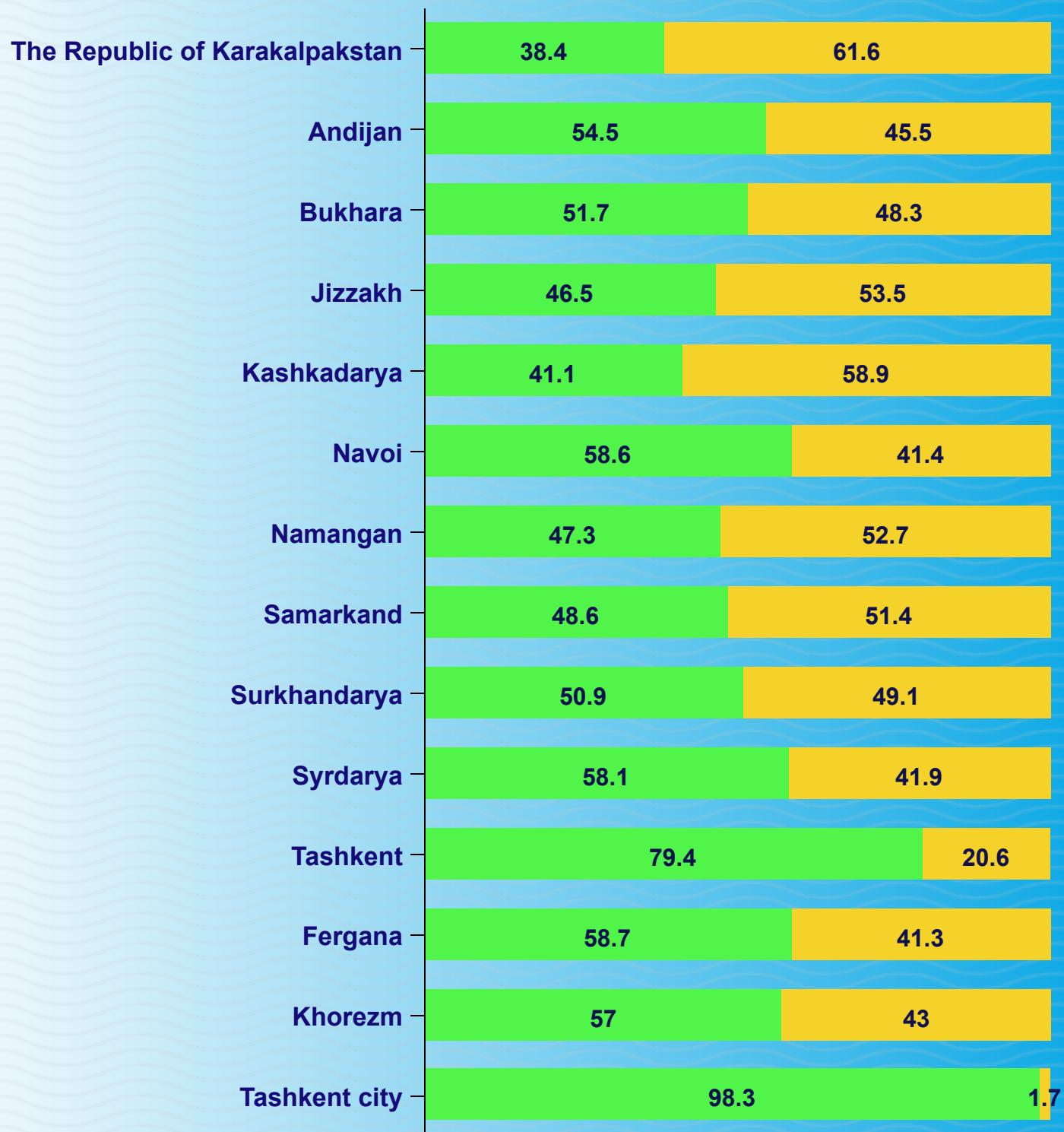
Changes over the past period of pensions, allowances and scholarships contributed to the growth of population comprehensive income by 3.5%.

The share of pensions in total volume of social transfers amounted to - 82.4%, benefits - 13.3%, scholarships - 4.3%.



In January-March of this year, 1.1 trillion soums were allocated benefits and material assistance for social support . The off-budget Pension Fund financed 52.5% of insurance benefits, 47.5% was allocated from the state and local budgets.

## Sources of formation of social benefits by regions, %



■ from means off-budget Pension Fund

■ from means state and local budget

## Other current transfers

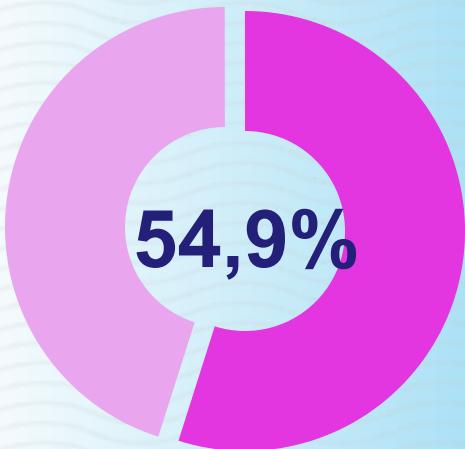


The nominal growth rates of remittances from abroad, which are part of other current transfers, in January-March 2018 amounted to 115.1%, and their share, compared to the same period of last year, in comprehensive income of population decreased by 1.0 percentage point and made change a 13.7% in revenues from other current transfers ensured an increase in the nominal value of comprehensive income of population by 2.2%.

### The share of remittances from abroad in total volume of comprehensive income by region, %



## Entrepreneurial income in comprehensive income structure



According to preliminary data for January-March 2019, of total comprehensive income of population, the share of entrepreneurial income was 54.9%.

The share of entrepreneurial income in total comprehensive income of population varies by region: the largest amount falls on Jizzakh region - 63.0%, the smallest - on the Republic of Karakalpakstan - 45.3%.

### A share of entrepreneurial income in comprehensive income of population by regions

